WICHITA KANSAS, SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 26 1892

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our bargains in Spring suits. It'll be a pity if you do. We are making a record with them. They will go far to convince you that there is a difference in the purchasing power of money. It won't take you long to find out what we mean if you make comparisons and the result will be just the same no matter where you make them. If you 150 NORTH MAIN ST are a close buyer, you'll see the point all the quicker. Rare bargains and beautiful styles in childrens clothing. Come and see us today.

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With every \$10,00 worth of goods we give a fine Nickle Alarm Clock FREE 403 E. Douglas Ave of any charge.

Fine reinforced White Shirts only DR. 25 cts. Elegant all wool Wood Brown Suits only \$10.00.
Come in and see our Spring Styles
in Hats, Suits and Neckwear now in.

312 East Douglas Ave. A. E. SHOBER, M'ng'r.

> SWAB & GLOSSER, TAILORS GENTS FURNISHINGS. 145 Main St.

ROSE of CEYLON

The new Clear Havana Five Cent Cigar on sale at FRED L. RICHT'S PHARMACY, 206 East Douglas.

PAGE'S Hardware Store

For Best Quality at Lowest Prices.

Rubber and Leather Belting, Window Glass, Stoves. 518 East Douglas, Opposite the Carey | Kansas.

prettiest display of

ever seen in this country. Thanks to the many who responded.

Signor Luccas Italian orchestra will pour out sweet strains of music today from 2 to 6 and 7 to 9:30 p. m. You are invited

M. B. COHN,

LADIES.

Our Spring Novelties in Neck chains, Watch chains, Earrings and Lace Pins, have arrived. Please call and examine them. You will find many new things in silver also, and cannot afford to miss getting one of those new style orange setts.

W. W. PEARCE JEWELER,

TERRILL,



of the sale, and if you wish a nice clean \$3 shoe for \$2 why you should take advantage of this extra special drive.

TODAY and TOMORROW

Lest Days.

\$3.00 for \$2.00

The HLSHOBER CO

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To the sale matter, and is consequently the entry set for the past treaty less, and has all the list instruments. Batter, less the sale the list instruments between the sale the list instruments. Batter, the last past of the sale that the sale the list instruments between the sale the list instruments. In the list instruments between the sale that the sale

A SURE CURE, effects of ear vice which brings organic weathers, destroying in mind and body, with all the dreaded like permently cured SKIN DISEASES—All kinds cured where others BYDROCELE AND VARICOCILE-A cure in RELUMATION-Positive's cured by the mid of electricity.

Files, Fistula - And all rectal diseases cured No kinds, no pain. A circ granulest.

Like The All STRICTURE quickly and permanently cured by Electrolysis. No cutting, no pain, nemony until cured.

All, CHRONIC DISHANES successfully treated all circles of manking quickly and permanently cured by the new freedom near setherula in paismons drugs of inguise days. The Terrill's success is based upon facts. First-practical experience, beyond - kvery case is specially sculpted to the medicines are prepared in its latinatory exactly to suit each case.

Case.

Examination and consultation free.

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Twenty furnished rooms for the accommissation
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LA GRIPPE.

Testimenty of the Traveling Agent III Cent. R. R. Mr. B. R. PHILLER. Your Four C. Remoty is certify a grid along and a gring type. This accertainty along a said in a finite state of the district that Raily resolutes it True falling, will invention of the fitted.

LESS THAN ONE BOTTLE REPRETED A COMPLETE CERE.

2013 Street, Chicago, III. Jun. 28, 1993. G. R. S. Street, Chicago, Gl. Remember each package sold mass give perfect satisfaction or no pay. J. P. Aren Agent, Trade.

THE SILVER BILL.

Most beautiful decorated parlors and the BOTH FACTIONS PREPARING TO RE-NEW THE FIGHT.

> The Measure to be Forced to a Final Vote by the Application of an Order of Closure.

> The Opposition to Make a Last Appeal to the Committee on Rules Against the Adoption of the Gag Law-

Table the Bill-The Confidence of the Bland Men Shaken by the Surprising Strength Shown by Their Opponents - The Passage of the Bill & Matter of Grave Doubt.

WASHINGTON, March 25 .- The fron hand of the closure is the only weapon that can throttle the opposition to the free silver bill and force a final vote upon that measure in the house. No one denies this today, and Mr. Bland and his friends are already preparing to invoke this last par-liamentary resource to secure a decisive vote on the nassage of the bill. The tie vote on the instance of the session—a ast night is the surprise of the session—a surprise quite as much to the enemies of the bill as to its most enthusiastic friends. The advocates of the measure have constantly claimed from 30 to 40 majority on the passage of the bill, and the opponents the passage of the bill, and the opponents of the bill have generally conceded a majority of from 20 to 30. The conclusion is irresistible, therefore, that a secret change of sentiment or of policy has taken place within the past few days in certain quarters, resulting doubtless from letters and petitions. The filibustering tactics of the opposition last night showed conclusively that the anti-free coinage men can prolong interminably their dilatory motions against the bill and that a final vote can only be secured by the committee on rules bringing in an order fixing in advance the day and hour on which the previous quesday and hour on which the previous ques-

bill and naming the hour when "the ques-tion shall be put on the final passage of the bill and that no intervening motions shall be entertained until such vote is taken."
Such an order as this, reported by the committee on rules and adopted by the house, of course, effecually suppresses the fill-busters and makes them powerless to prevent a final vote at the hour designated.

THE PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS. 216 E Douglas Ave.

the power to refuse to entertain any dilatory motion. The resolution went to the committee on rules. THE OUTLOOK UNCERTAIN.

who would have voted against the bill and in the latter of one who would have voted for the measure. The following members failed to vote either way: Campbell, Wadsworth and Stablnecker, New York:

waitsworth and Staninecker, New Iora-Foreman, Wike and Springer, Illiaois; Cooper, Indiana; Clover, Kansas; Cheat-ham, North Carolina; Donovan, Onio; Shell, South Carolina; Herbert, Alabama; Lester, Virginia; Boatner, Louisiana, and

Enlor, Tennessee.
Before the vote was announced Messrs.
Herbert and Euloe asked the privilege to
vote, but, under the rules, were refused.
But three votes offset each other, thus
leaving 13 men on whose votes, in an absolutely full house, the result would have
hinged. Of these 13 members, Clover,
Cooper, Lester, Shell and Wike, on a subsection lest tore voted with the silver

sequent test vote, voted with the silver men, and Wadsworth with the antis, while pairs in favor of the bill were an-nounced on the part of Boatner and Foreman and against the bill on the part of Stablnecker. Both announcements show

more votes for the silverites and 2 more or the anti-silverites, leaving Timothy Campbell of New York, Cheatham of

forth Carolina (Republican), Donovan of Ohio and Springer still unaccounted

THE OUTLOOK UNCERTAIN.

In view of the closeness of the vote on the silver question, as disclosed last night, an analysis of the vote on the test motion of Mr. Burrows to lay the Bland bill on the table may be interesting. On this motion each side secured 148 votes, and thirty-live members were put down as not voting, of which number the record shows that twenty were announced to be paired on this vote, leaving fifteen unpaired. Of the 148 votes cast in favor of the motion eighty-two were cast by Democrats and sixty-six by Republicans. The negative vote showed the names of eleven Republicans, the other 137 being either Democrats or Alliance men.

or Alliance men.

An Analysis of the Vote on the Motion to

tion shall be considered as ordered.

Mr. Bland will at once call upon the committee upon rules, by resolution or otherwise, to report an order setting apart a day or a number of days of next week for the further consideration of the silver

that a motion to postpone the further consideration of the subject to a given day in December next shall be permitted.

4 That if the above be decided in the negative the previous question may be moved by the friends of the bill and a vote had first upon the substitute offered by the miniority for an international monetary congress, and, it that fail, then upon the pending amendments to the oill. If destred by the friends of the bill one session of the house may be given to the consideration of such amendments. At the the next session of the house, at 1 o'clock that day, the speaker shall put the question, "Shall the bill pass?"

The opponents of the bill take the postion of the oppositions not in any way designed for or contributing to delay they are merely insisting upon a vote on separate propositions not in any way designed for or contributing to delay they are merely insisting upon a the rights of the minority as guaranteed under the rules. If the majority oppose a vote upon these detailed motions, it is contended that they thereby nor themselves in the position of the Fifteenth ward and one

NOTICE!

With the Largest and Best assortment of bruggist Sundries and brugs in general in the city, we feel as though we can please the most fastidious public. All we ask is a trial at

HETTINGER BROS

THE OCEAN CABLES.

THE ENGLISH LIBERALS AND THE BERING SEA QUARREL.

Lord Salisbury's Course to be Attacked in the Commons by the Leaders of the Opposition.

or Alliance men.

The unexpectedly large showing of Democratic votes against the silver bill came from the following states: New York, 19; Pennyslvania, 19; Wisconsin, 7; Washington, 1; Iowa, 7; New Jersey, Ohio and Maryland, 4 each; Illinois and Connecticut, 3 each; New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Louisiana, and Minnessota, 2 each; South Carolina, Delaware, West Virginia, Missouri and California, 1 each. The 11 Republican votes opposed to the motion made by Mr. Burrows are scattered over the far west, only one vote, that of Vincent A. Taylor of Ohio, coming from east of the Mississippi. Kansas contributed 2, Messrs. Broderick and Funston; South Dakota, 2 more, and the other six came from as many different states—Colorado, Wyoming, Neyada, California, Idaho and Oregon.

The pairs announced were the following: The Views of the Canadian Poachers Pre sented to the British Prime Minister by Sir Charles Tupper.

Continental Europe Again Worried by the Concentration of Russian Troops on the German Frontier-The Development of the Balloon Spy Service by France and Germany-Arrest of French Anarchists. Cable Notes.

and Oregon.

The pairs announced were the following: Enochs with Tarsney, Sanford with Elliott, Durborow with Hooker of Mississippi, Morse with Catchings, E. B. Taylor of Ohio with Oates, Vanhorn with Johnstone of South Carolina, G. Henderson with Peel, Rusk, with Compton and W. A. Stone with Jones. The name first given in each case is that of a member who would have voted against the bill and London, March 25.—In the house of commons today Mr. Louis John Jennings (Progressive Conservative), member for Stockport, asked the government whether, in view of the gravity of the news from Washington published during the last few days concerning the relations between the United States and Great Britain on the Bering sea question, the government would inform the house as to the communications on the subject.

James W. Lowther, parliamentary secretary of the foreign office, replied that communications had been passing between the two governments; during the last few weeks relative to arrangements for the approaching sealing season. The negotiations on this matter were still pending. Mr. Lowther added that he hoped that the correspondence on the subject would be

orrespondence on the subject would be ready for production in the house on Monday. The reply to Great Britain's last note to the United States, he said, was still under consideration.

THE LIBERAL LEADERS LONDON, March 25.—Until the Liberal leaders have examined the Bering sea cor-respondence, which Secretary Lowther has respondence, which Secretary Lowther has promised to place in the hands of parliament on Monday, no party action will be taken on the question; but, from cable dispatches giving the drift of the correspondence as laid before the United States senate, they have already determined to adopt the attitude of opposition. A week ago the Liberal leaders were inclined to support Saliabury, and the Liberal organs until yesterday took a view adverse to the position assumed by the United States government. Whether it be policy that dictates this change of front or a new sense of the justice of the American claims, it is certain that the leaders of the opposition have decided to attack Salisbury's position. for.

Thus an absolutely full vote shows at least one majority for the silver men, but, in this connection, it must be stated that a full vote is practically unknown in the house, and that the silver men concede that when it comes to a close vote they are less able than their opponents to count on that when it comes to a close vote they are less able than their opponents to count on every member. The situation is less encouraging to the silver men when they consider their future course, as the large showing made has unquestionably strengthened their opponents, and some members, who have always voted in favor of free silver, have since expressed themselves as disinclined, for political reasons, further to push the matter.

was a question regarding which the whole for the seem to be any foundation for it.

COUNTERFEITERS CAPTURED.

NEVADA. Mo. March 25.—Dick Ostorom (white) and John Mechanism and John Mec

of the Aleutian Islands, although nominally entitled to all American rights, were virtually the peous of the Alaska company as they were prevented while in the islands of which they were natives, from pursuing any other work than such as the company gave them to do, so that if the people of the United States understood this fact and all that it means for the natives, they would demand that the monopoly should be swept out of existence, and that no part of the territory of the United States should be controlled by a chartered company.

should be controlled by a chartered company.

The American people had spent thou sands of millions of dollars, argued Sir Charles, and sacrificed hundreds of thousands of lives to put an end to si very thirty years ago, and they would be amazed, he declared, when they fully comprehended that they were invited to go to war in order that a form of modified slavery might be maintained in the Aleutian islands, and a part of the ocean made a monopoly for the beuefit of a few millionaires. For southern slavery the excuse was advanced that a vast section and millions of people were kept in prosperity by its existence. For Aleutian bondage and the ocean monopoly pretense there was only the excuse that a few Americans were made rich by it. It was not even an American industry, for the scalskins, whether the scals were caught by Americans or Canadians were sent to England to be dressed by British labor and skill. Absolutely the only people in America in terested in the monopoly of the seals, the Aleutians and the sea were the millionaires alluded to, of whom one was believed to be high in official circles in Washington.

Such is the statement made with some

Such is the statement made with some warmth by one of the leading men of Canada, as embodying the arguments urged upon Lord Salisbury by Sir Charles Tupper. Lord Salisbury is known to have great confidence in Sir Charles and to take his counsel frequently, not only on Canadian but also on American affairs. It is said that Sir Charles has convinced the premier that, in upholding the right to catch seals in the open sea, he will have not only the unanimous and loysi support of Canada, but also the sympathy of a majority of the American people, and that the real cause of the warlike interances at Washington is the influence in Washing ton councils of representatives of the fur seal monopoly. Such is the statement made with some

fact that the German authorities are evidently taking steps to learn from personal observation the strength and disposition of the Russian forces. They are not trying to learn these facts—of supreme military importance—through ordinary spies, but are using balloons as means to attain their object.

Of late—in fact, ever since reports were circulated of the arrival in Poland of large numbers of Russian troops—several balloons which came from the German frontier.

VIETS BROS.
CLOTHERS.

416 East Douglas Avenue

The born at the first of the second of

The first show to accided in the section of the visible to a given day in the preference of the present of the

WASHINGTON.

THE CHEYENNE-ARAPAHOE LANDS READY FOR OPENING.

Orders Issued by Secretary Noble for the Removal of All Intruders From the Reservations.

No Further Action to be Taken by the Executive in Bering Sea Matters Until the Receipt of Salisbury's Reply.

President Harrison Endorses the Request for an Appropriation to Defray the Expenses of the Next Encampment of the Grand Army-A Slim Attendance at the Session of the House Postal Banks.

WASHINGTON, March 23, -In view of the fact that proclamations will soon be is-sued by the president opening the surplus canadian but also on American affairs. It is said that Sir Charles has convinced the premier that, in upholding the right to catch seals in the open sea, he will have not only the unanimous and loyal support of Canada, but also the sympathy of a majority of the American people, and that the real cause of the warlike interances at Washington is the influence in Washing ton councils of representatives of the furseal monopoly.

THE BALLOON SPY SYSTEM.

Walsaw, March 25.—Rumors of war fill the air hers, and they are given at appearance of truth by the presence in Poland of an immense number of soldiers, who have been gathered from many parts of the Russian dominions. It may be, however, that this massing of troops is not for offensive purposes, but merely with the object of preparing for the usual spring maneuvers. But the proximity of these large bodies of troops to the Prussian frontier, whatever the object of the military authorities may be, causes a general feeling of uncasiness, that the least spark may start a conflageration, the results of which no one can fortest. This feeling of anxiety has been added to by the fact that the German authorities are evidently taking steps to learn from personal observation the strength and dispension of the surface of the intervence of longitude.

Sand by the president the day and a the Lands recently caded to the United States by the Siseton and Washing the Dayotas, Secretary Noble has taken steps to have all intruders removed therefore by the military and tenth days of April, and the latter on April ib. This action is taken stops to have all intruders removed therefore by the military and tenth days of April, and the latter on April ib. This action is taken to only for the protection of the intruders themselves, as under the law persons who enter upon the kinds prior to the date fixed upon therefor forfeit their rights under the proclamation. Similar action has also been taken with respect to the removal of intruders from the Cherokee strip in the Indian Territory, and all lands of the Chevenne and Ampahoe res